

**VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF BANKING, INSURANCE, SECURITIES
AND HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION**

REGULATION C-2012-01

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING REGULATION FOR RISK RETENTION GROUPS
CHARTERED IN THIS STATE**

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Section 1. Authority

This Regulation is promulgated under the authority granted the Commissioner of the Department of Banking, Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration pursuant to 8 V.S.A. §§15 and 3578a.

Section 2. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this regulation is to improve the Department's surveillance of the financial condition of RRGs by requiring (1) an annual audit of financial statements reporting the financial position and the results of operations of RRGs by independent

certified public accountants, (2) Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit, and (3) Management’s Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Every RRG (as defined in Section 3) shall be subject to this regulation. RRGs having less than 1,000 policyholders or certificateholders of direct written policies nationwide at the end of the calendar year shall be exempt from this regulation for the year (unless the Commissioner makes a specific finding that compliance is necessary for the Commissioner to carry out statutory responsibilities)

This regulation shall not prohibit, preclude or in any way limit the commissioner from ordering or conducting or performing examinations of RRGs under the rules and regulations of the Department and the practices and procedures of the Department.

Section 3. Definitions

The terms and definitions contained herein are intended to provide definitional guidance as the terms are used within this regulation.

A. “Accountant” or “independent certified public accountant” means an independent certified public accountant or accounting firm in good standing with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and in all states in which he or she is licensed to practice.

B. An “affiliate” of, or person “affiliated” with, a specific person, is a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person specified.

C. “Audit committee” means a committee (or equivalent body) established by the board of directors (or equivalent governing body) of an entity for the purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of an RRG or group of Insurers , and audits of financial statements of the RRG or group of Insurers . The audit committee of any entity that controls a group of Insurers may be deemed to be the audit committee for one or more of these controlled RRGs solely for the purposes of this regulation at the election of the controlling person. Refer to Section 14E for exercising this election. If an audit committee is not designated by the RRG, the RRG’s entire board of directors shall constitute the audit committee.

D. “Audited financial report” means and includes those items specified in Section 5 of this regulation.

E. “Indemnification” means an agreement of indemnity or a release from liability where the intent or effect is to shift or limit in any manner the potential liability of the person or firm for failure to adhere to applicable auditing or professional

standards, whether or not resulting in part from knowing of other misrepresentations made by the RRG or its representatives.

F. “Independent board member” has the same meaning as described in Section 14C.

G. “Risk Retention Group” or “RRG” means a risk retention group licensed or authorized under Ch. 141 of Title 8, Vermont Statutes Annotated.

G.1. “Insurer” means an insurer licensed or authorized under Ch. 101 of Title 8, Vermont Statutes Annotated.

H. “Group of insurers” means those licensed insurers and/or RRGs included in the reporting requirements of Subchapter 13, Chapter 101 of Title 8, Vermont Statutes Annotated, or a set of insurers and/or RRGs as identified by management, for the purpose of assessing the effectiveness of Internal control over financial reporting.

I. “Internal control over financial reporting” means a process effected by an entity’s board of directors, management and other personnel designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the financial statements, i.e., those items specified in Section 5B through 5G of this regulation and includes those policies and procedures that:

(1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets;

(2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements, i.e., those items specified in Section 5B through 5G of this regulation and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements, i.e., those items specified in Section 5B through 5G of this regulation.

J. “SEC” means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

K. “Section 404” means Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the SEC’s rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

L. “Section 404 Report” means management’s report on “internal control over financial reporting” as defined by the SEC and the related attestation report of the independent certified public accountant as described in Section 3A.

M. "SOX Compliant Entity" means an entity that either is required to be compliant with, or voluntarily is compliant with, all of the following provisions of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002: (i) the preapproval requirements of Section 201 (Section 10A(i) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); (ii) the Audit committee independence requirements of Section 301 (Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); and (iii) the Internal control over financial reporting requirements of Section 404 (Item 308 of SEC Regulation S-K).

Section 4. General Requirements Related to Filing and Extensions for Filing of Annual Audited Financial Reports and Audit Committee Appointment

A. All RRGs shall have an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant and shall file an audited financial report with the commissioner on or before June 30 for the year ended December 31 immediately preceding. The commissioner may require an RRG to file an audited financial report earlier than June 30 with ninety (90) days advance notice to the RRG.

B. Extensions of the June 30 filing date may be granted by the commissioner for thirty day periods upon a showing by the RRG and its independent certified public accountant of the reasons for requesting an extension and determination by the commissioner of good cause for an extension. The request for extension must be submitted in writing not less than ten (10) days prior to the due date in sufficient detail to permit the commissioner to make an informed decision with respect to the requested extension.

C. If an extension is granted in accordance with the provisions in Section 4B, a similar extension of thirty (30) days is granted to the filing of Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

D. Every RRG required to file an annual audited financial report pursuant to this regulation shall designate a group of individuals as constituting its audit committee, as defined in Section 3. The audit committee of an entity that controls an RRG may be deemed to be the RRG's audit committee for purposes of this regulation at the election of the controlling person.

Section 5. Contents of Annual Audited Financial Report

The annual audited financial report shall report the financial position of the RRG as of the end of the most recent calendar year and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in capital and surplus for the year then ended in conformity with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States and including any practices prescribed, or otherwise permitted, by the Department.

The annual audited financial report shall include the following:

A. Report of independent certified public accountant.

- B. Balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus.
- C. Statement of operations.
- D. Statement of cash flow.
- E. Statement of changes in capital and surplus.
- F. Notes to financial statements. These notes shall be those required by generally accepted accounting principles. The notes shall include a reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited financial statements and the annual statement filed pursuant to 8 V.S.A. §3561 with a written description of the nature of these differences.

If the use of Statutory Accounting Principles, or any other comprehensive basis of accounting is permitted, the notes shall be those required by said basis of accounting.

Regardless of the basis of accounting used in the audited financial statements, the notes shall include a reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited financial statements and statements prepared in accordance with the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, with a written description of the nature of these differences.

G. The financial statements included in the Audited financial report shall be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the annual statement of the RRG filed with the commissioner, and the financial statement shall be comparative, presenting the amounts as of December 31 of the current year and the amounts as of the immediately preceding December 31. (However, in the first year in which an RRG is required to file an Audited financial report, the comparative data may be omitted).

Section 6. Designation of Independent Certified Public Accountant

A. Each RRG required by this regulation to file an annual audited financial report must within sixty (60) days after becoming subject to the requirement, register with the commissioner in writing the name and address of the independent certified public accountant or accounting firm retained to conduct the annual audit set forth in this regulation. RRGs not retaining an independent certified public accountant on the effective date of this regulation shall register the name and address of their retained independent certified public accountant not less than six (6) months before the date when the first audited financial report is to be filed.

B. The RRG shall obtain a letter from the accountant, and file a copy with the commissioner stating that the accountant is aware of the provisions of the

insurance code and the regulations of the insurance department of the state of Vermont that relate to accounting and financial matters and affirming that the accountant will express his or her opinion on the financial statements in terms of their conformity to the statutory accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by that insurance department, specifying such exceptions as he or she may believe appropriate.

C. If an accountant who was the accountant for the immediately preceding filed audited financial report is dismissed or resigns, the RRG shall within five (5) business days notify the commissioner of this event. The RRG shall also furnish the commissioner with a separate letter within ten (10) business days of the above notification stating whether in the twenty-four (24) months preceding such event there were any disagreements with the former accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure; which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant, would have caused him or her to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with his or her opinion. The disagreements required to be reported in response to this section include both those resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction and those not resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction. Disagreements contemplated by this section are those that occur at the decision-making level, i.e., between personnel of the RRG responsible for presentation of its financial statements and personnel of the accounting firm responsible for rendering its report. The RRG shall also in writing request the former accountant to furnish a letter addressed to the RRG stating whether the accountant agrees with the statements contained in the RRG's letter and, if not, stating the reasons for which he or she does not agree; and the RRG shall furnish the responsive letter from the former accountant to the commissioner together with its own.

Section 7. Qualifications of Independent Certified Public Accountant

A. The commissioner shall not recognize a person or firm as a qualified independent certified public accountant if the person or firm:

(1) is not in good standing with the AICPA and in all states in which the accountant is licensed to practice.

(2) Has either directly or indirectly entered into an agreement of indemnity or release from liability (collectively referred to as *indemnification*) with respect to the audit of the RRG.

B. Except as otherwise provided in this regulation, the commissioner shall recognize an independent certified public accountant as qualified as long as he or she conforms to the standards of his or her profession, as contained in the Code of Professional Ethics of the AICPA and Rules and Regulations and Code of Ethics

and Rules of Professional Conduct of the Vermont Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code.

C. A qualified independent certified public accountant may enter into an agreement with an RRG to have disputes relating to an audit resolved by mediation or arbitration. However, in the event of a delinquency proceeding commenced against the RRG under Ch.145 of Title 8, Vermont Statutes Annotated, the mediation or arbitration provisions shall operate at the option of the statutory successor.

D. (1) The lead (or coordinating) audit partner (having primary responsibility for the audit) may not act in that capacity for more than five (5) consecutive years. The person shall be disqualified from acting in that or a similar capacity for the same company or its insurance subsidiaries or affiliates for a period of five (5) consecutive years. An RRG may make application to the commissioner for relief from the above rotation requirement on the basis of unusual circumstances. This application should be made at least thirty (30) days before the end of the calendar year. The commissioner may consider the following factors in determining if the relief should be granted: (a) Number of partners, expertise of the partners or the number of insurance clients in the currently registered firm; (b) Premium volume of the RRG; or (c) Number of jurisdictions in which the RRG transacts business.

(2) The RRG shall file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection D(1) with the states that it is doing business in and with the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the RRG shall file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.

E. The commissioner shall neither recognize as a qualified independent certified public accountant, nor accept an annual audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by, a natural person who:

(1) Has been convicted of fraud, bribery, a violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, 18 U.S.C. Sections 1961 to 1968, or any dishonest conduct or practices under federal or state law;

(2) Has been found to have violated the insurance laws of this state with respect to any previous reports submitted under this regulation; or

(3) Has demonstrated a pattern or practice of failing to detect or disclose material information in previous reports filed under the provisions of this regulation.

F. The commissioner, after notice and hearing, may find that an independent certified public accountant is not qualified for purposes of expressing his or her opinion on the financial statements in the annual audited financial report made pursuant to this regulation and require the RRG to replace the accountant with

another whose relationship with the RRG is qualified within the meaning of this regulation. Any hearing held shall be governed by the provisions of Ch. 25 of Title 3, Vermont Statutes Annotated, applicable to contested cases.

G.(1) The commissioner shall not recognize as a qualified independent certified public accountant, nor accept an annual audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by an accountant who provides to an RRG, contemporaneously with the audit, the following non-audit services: (a) Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the RRG; (b) Financial information systems design and implementation; (c) Appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution-in-kind reports; (d) Actuarially-oriented advisory services involving the determination of amounts recorded in the financial statements. The accountant may assist an RRG in understanding the methods, assumptions and inputs used in the determination of amounts recorded in the financial statement only if it is reasonable to conclude that the services provided will not be subject to audit procedures during an audit of the RRG's financial statements. An accountant's actuary may also issue an actuarial opinion or certification ("opinion") on an RRG's reserves if the following conditions have been met: (i) Neither the accountant nor the accountant's actuary has performed any management functions or made any management decisions; (ii) The RRG has competent personnel (or engages a third party actuary) to estimate the reserves for which management takes responsibility; and (iii) The accountant's actuary tests the reasonableness of the reserves after the RRG's management has determined the amount of the reserves; (e) Internal audit outsourcing services; (f) Management functions or human resources; (g) Broker or dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services; (h) Legal services or expert services unrelated to the audit; or (i) Any other services that the commissioner determines, by regulation, are impermissible.

(2) In general, the principles of independence with respect to services provided by the qualified independent certified public accountant are largely predicated on three basic principles, violations of which would impair the accountant's independence. The principles are that the accountant cannot function in the role of management, cannot audit his or her own work, and cannot serve in an advocacy role for the RRG.

H. RRGs having direct written and assumed premiums of less than \$100,000,000 in any calendar year may request an exemption from Subsection G(1). The RRG shall file with the commissioner a written statement discussing the reasons why the RRG should be exempt from these provisions. If the commissioner finds, upon review of this statement, that compliance with this regulation would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the RRG, an exemption may be granted.

I. A qualified independent certified public accountant who performs the audit may engage in other non-audit services, including tax services, that are not described in Subsection G(1) or that do not conflict with Subsection G(2), only if the

activity is approved in advance by the Audit committee, in accordance with Subsection J.

J. All auditing services and non-audit services provided to an RRG by the qualified independent certified public accountant of the RRG shall be preapproved by the Audit committee. The preapproval requirement is waived with respect to non-audit services if the RRG is a SOX Compliant Entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity or:

(1) The aggregate amount of all such non-audit services provided to the RRG constitutes not more than five percent (5%) of the total amount of fees paid by the RRG to its qualified independent certified public accountant during the fiscal year in which the non-audit services are provided;

(2) The services were not recognized by the RRG at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (3) The services are promptly brought to the attention of the audit committee and approved prior to the completion of the audit by the audit committee or by one or more members of the audit committee who are the members of the board of directors to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the audit committee.

K. The audit committee may delegate to one or more designated members of the audit committee the authority to grant the preapprovals required by Subsection J. The decisions of any member to whom this authority is delegated shall be presented to the full audit committee at each of its scheduled meetings.

L.(1) The commissioner shall not recognize an independent certified public accountant as qualified for a particular RRG if a member of the board, president, chief executive officer, controller, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, or any person serving in an equivalent position for that RRG, was employed by the independent certified public accountant and participated in the audit of that RRG during the one-year period preceding the date that the most current statutory opinion is due. This section shall only apply to partners and senior managers involved in the audit. An RRG may make application to the commissioner for relief from the above requirement on the basis of unusual circumstances.

(2) The RRG shall file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection L(1) with the states that it is doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the RRG shall file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.

Section 8. Consolidated or Combined Audits

The Commissioner may permit any RRG to file audited consolidated or combined financial statements in lieu of separate annual audited financial statements if the RRG is

part of a group of insurance companies which utilizes a pooling or 100 percent reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of the RRG's reserves and the RRG cedes all of its direct and assumed business to the pool. In such cases, a columnar consolidating or combining worksheet shall be filed with the report, as follows:

- A. Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined Audited financial report shall be shown on the worksheet;
- B. Amounts for each RRG subject to this section shall be stated separately;
- C. Noninsurance operations may be shown on the worksheet on a combined or individual basis;
- D. Explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries shall be included; and
- E. A reconciliation shall be included of any differences between the amounts shown in the individual RRG columns of the worksheet and comparable amounts shown on the annual statements of the RRGs.

Section 9. Scope of Audit and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountant

Financial statements furnished pursuant to Section 5 shall be examined by the independent certified public accountant. The audit of the RRG's financial statements shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. In accordance with AU Section 319 of the Professional Standards of the AICPA, *Consideration of Internal Control in a Financial Statement Audit*, the independent certified public accountant should obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan the audit. To the extent required by AU 319, for those RRGs required to file a Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting pursuant to Section 16, the independent certified public accountant should consider (as that term is defined in Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 102, *Defining Professional Requirements in Statements on Auditing Standards* or its replacement) the most recently available report in planning and performing the audit of the statutory financial statements. Consideration shall be given to the procedures illustrated in the *Financial Condition Examiners Handbook* promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners as the independent certified public accountant deems necessary.

Section 10. Notification of Adverse Financial Condition

- A. The RRG required to furnish the annual Audited financial report shall require the independent certified public accountant to report, in writing, within five (5) business days to the board of directors or its audit committee any determination by the independent certified public accountant that the RRG has materially misstated its financial condition as reported to the commissioner as of the balance sheet date currently under audit or that the RRG does not meet Vermont's minimum capital and surplus requirement as of that date. An RRG that has

received a report pursuant to this paragraph shall forward a copy of the report to the commissioner within five (5) business days of receipt of the report and shall provide the independent certified public accountant making the report with evidence of the report being furnished to the commissioner. If the independent certified public accountant fails to receive the evidence within the required five (5) business day period, the independent certified public accountant shall furnish to the commissioner a copy of its report within the next five (5) business days.

B. No independent certified public accountant shall be liable in any manner to any person for any statement made in connection with the above paragraph if the statement is made in good faith in compliance with Subsection A.

C. If the accountant, subsequent to the date of the Audited financial report filed pursuant to this regulation, becomes aware of facts that might have affected his or her report, the commissioner notes the obligation of the accountant to take such action as prescribed in Volume 1, Section AU 561 of the Professional Standards of the AICPA.

Section 11. Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit

A. In addition to the annual audited financial report, each RRG shall furnish the commissioner with a written communication as to any unremediated material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting noted during the audit. Such communication shall be prepared by the accountant within sixty (60) days after the filing of the annual audited financial report, and shall contain a description of any unremediated material weakness (as the term material weakness is defined by Statement on Auditing Standard 60, *Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit*, or its replacement) as of December 31 immediately preceding (so as to coincide with the audited financial report discussed in Section 4(A)) in the RRG's internal control over financial reporting noted by the accountant during the course of their audit of the financial statements. If no unremediated material weaknesses were noted, the communication should so state.

B. The RRG is required to provide a description of remedial actions taken or proposed to correct unremediated material weaknesses, if the actions are not described in the accountant's communication.

Section 12. Accountant's Letter of Qualifications

The accountant shall furnish the RRG in connection with, and for inclusion in, the filing of the annual audited financial report, a letter stating:

A. That the accountant is independent with respect to the RRG and conforms to the standards of his or her profession as contained in the Code of Professional

Ethics and pronouncements of the AICPA and the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Vermont Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code;

B. The background and experience in general, and the experience in audits of RRGs of the staff assigned to the engagement and whether each is an independent certified public accountant. Nothing within this regulation shall be construed as prohibiting the accountant from utilizing such staff as he or she deems appropriate where use is consistent with the standards prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards;

C. That the accountant understands the annual audited financial report and his opinion thereon will be filed in compliance with this regulation and that the commissioner will be relying on this information in the monitoring and regulation of the financial position of RRGs;

D. That the accountant consents to the requirements of Section 13 of this regulation and that the accountant consents and agrees to make available for review by the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee or appointed agent, the workpapers, as defined in Section 13;

E. A representation that the accountant is properly licensed by an appropriate state licensing authority and is a member in good standing in the AICPA; and

F. A representation that the accountant is in compliance with the requirements of Section 7 of this regulation.

Section 13. Definition, Availability and Maintenance of Independent Certified Public Accountants Workpapers

A. Workpapers are the records kept by the independent certified public accountant of the procedures followed, the tests performed, the information obtained, and the conclusions reached pertinent to the accountant's audit of the financial statements of an RRG. Workpapers, accordingly, may include audit planning documentation, work programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of confirmation and representation, abstracts of company documents and schedules or commentaries prepared or obtained by the independent certified public accountant in the course of his or her audit of the financial statements of an RRG and which support the accountant's opinion.

B. Every RRG required to file an audited financial report pursuant to this regulation, shall require the accountant to make available for review by insurance department examiners, all workpapers prepared in the conduct of the accountant's audit and any communications related to the audit between the accountant and the RRG, at the offices of the RRG, at the insurance department or at any other reasonable place designated by the commissioner.

The RRG shall require that the accountant retain the audit workpapers and communications until the insurance department has filed a report on examination covering the period of the audit but no longer than seven (7) years from the date of the audit report.

C. In the conduct of the aforementioned periodic review by the insurance department examiners, it shall be agreed that photocopies of pertinent audit workpapers may be made and retained by the department. Such reviews by the department examiners shall be considered investigations and all working papers and communications obtained during the course of such investigations shall be afforded the same confidentiality as other examination workpapers generated by the department.

Section 14. Requirements for Audit Committees

This section shall not apply to an RRG that is a SOX Compliant Entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity.

A. The audit committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of any accountant (including resolution of disagreements between management and the accountant regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audited financial report or related work pursuant to this regulation. Each accountant shall report directly to the audit committee.

B. Each member of the audit committee shall be a member of the board of directors of the RRG or a member of the board of directors of an entity elected pursuant to Subsection E and Section 3C.

C. In order to be considered independent for purposes of this section, a member of the audit committee may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee, accept any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the entity during any 12-month period in an amount exceeding (A) 5 percent of the gross written premiums of such RRG for such 12-month period; or (B) 2 percent of the surplus of such RRG as measured at the end of any fiscal quarter falling within such 12-month period, or be an affiliated person of the entity or any subsidiary thereof. However, if law requires board participation by otherwise non-independent members, that law shall prevail and such members may participate in the audit committee and be designated as independent for audit committee purposes, unless they are an officer or employee of the RRG or one of its affiliates.

D. If a member of the audit committee ceases to be independent for reasons outside the member's reasonable control, that person, with notice by the responsible entity to the state, may remain an audit committee member of the responsible entity until the earlier of the next annual meeting of the responsible

entity or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the member to be no longer independent.

E. To exercise the election of the controlling person to designate the audit committee for purposes of this regulation, the ultimate controlling person shall provide written notice to the commissioners of the affected RRGs. Notification shall be made timely prior to the issuance of the statutory audit report and include a description of the basis for the election. The election can be changed through notice to the commissioner by the RRG, which shall include a description of the basis for the change. The election shall remain in effect for perpetuity, until rescinded.

F. (1) The audit committee shall require the accountant that performs for an RRG any audit required by this regulation to timely report to the audit committee in accordance with the requirements of SAS 61, *Communication with Audit Committees*, or its replacement, including: (a) All significant accounting policies and material permitted practices; (b) All material alternative treatments of financial information within statutory accounting principles that have been discussed with management officials of the RRG, ramifications of the use of the alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the accountant; and (c) Other material written communications between the accountant and the management of the RRG, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences. (2) If an RRG is a member of an insurance holding company system, the reports required by Subsection F(1) may be provided to the audit committee on an aggregate basis for RRGs in the holding company system, provided that any substantial differences among RRGs in the system are identified to the audit committee.

G. The proportion of independent audit committee members shall meet or exceed the following criteria:

Prior Calendar Year Direct Written and Assumed Premiums

\$0 - 300,000,000	Over \$300,000,000 - \$500,000,000	Over \$500,000,000
No minimum requirements. See also Note A and B.	Majority (50% or more) of members shall be independent. See also Note A and B.	Supermajority of members (75% or more) shall be independent. See also Note A.

Note A: The commissioner has authority afforded by state law to require the entity's board to enact improvements to the independence of the audit committee membership if the RRG is in a RBC action level event, meets one or more of the standards of an RRG deemed to be in hazardous financial condition, or otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled RRG.

Note B: All RRGs with less than \$500,000,000 in prior year direct written and assumed premiums are encouraged to structure their audit committees with at least a supermajority of independent audit committee members.

Note C: Prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums shall be the combined total of direct premiums and assumed premiums from non-affiliates for the reporting entities.

H. An RRG with direct written and assumed premium less than \$500,000,000 may make application to the commissioner for a waiver from the Section 14 requirements based upon hardship. The RRG shall file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Section 14 with the states that it is doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the RRG shall file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.

Section 15. Conduct of RRG in Connection with the Preparation of Required Reports and Documents

A. No director or officer of an RRG shall, directly or indirectly:

(1) Make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication required under this regulation; or

(2) Omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material fact necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication required under this regulation.

B. No officer or director of an RRG, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, shall directly or indirectly take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence any accountant engaged in the performance of an audit pursuant to this regulation if that person knew or should have known that

the action, if successful, could result in rendering the RRG's financial statements materially misleading.

C. For purposes of Subsection B of this section, actions that, "if successful, could result in rendering the RRG's financial statements materially misleading" include, but are not limited to, actions taken at any time with respect to the professional engagement period to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence an accountant: (1.) To issue or reissue a report on an RRG's financial statements that is not warranted in the circumstances (due to material violations of statutory accounting principles prescribed by the commissioner, generally accepted auditing standards, or other professional or regulatory standards); (2) Not to perform audit, review or other procedures required by generally accepted auditing standards or other professional standards; (3) Not to withdraw an issued report; or (4) Not to communicate matters to an RRG's Audit committee.

Section 16. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A. Every RRG required to file an audited financial report pursuant to this regulation that has annual direct written and assumed premiums of \$500,000,000 or more shall prepare a report of the RRG's or Group of Insurers' Internal control over financial reporting, as these terms are defined in Section 3. The report shall be filed with the commissioner along with the Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit described under Section 11. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting shall be as of December 31 immediately preceding.

B. Notwithstanding the premium threshold in Subsection A, the commissioner may require an RRG to file Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting if the RRG is in any RBC level event, or meets any one or more of the standards of an RRG deemed to be in hazardous financial condition as defined in 8 V.S.A. Chapter 145.

C. An RRG or a Group of Insurers that is

(1) directly subject to Section 404;

(2) part of a holding company system whose parent is directly subject to Section 404;

(3) not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX Compliant Entity; or

(4) a member of a holding company system whose parent is not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX Compliant Entity; may file its or its parent's Section 404 Report and an addendum in satisfaction of this Section 16 requirement provided that those internal controls of the RRG or Group of Insurers having a

material impact on the preparation of the RRG's or Group of Insurers' audited statutory financial statements (those items included in Section 5B through 5G of this regulation) were included in the scope of the Section 404 Report. The addendum shall be a positive statement by management that there are no material processes with respect to the preparation of the RRG's or Group of Insurers' audited statutory financial statements (those items included in Section 5B through 5G of this regulation) excluded from the Section 404 Report. If there are internal controls of the RRG or Group of Insurers that have a material impact on the preparation of the RRG's or Group of Insurers audited statutory financial statements and those internal controls were not included in the scope of the Section 404 Report, the RRG or Group of Insurers may either file (i) a Section 16 report, or (ii) the Section 404 Report and a Section 16 report for those internal controls that have a material impact on the preparation of the RRG's or Group of Insurers audited statutory financial statements not covered by the Section 404 Report.

D. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting shall include:

- (1) A statement that management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate Internal control over financial reporting;
- (2) A statement that management has established Internal control over financial reporting and an assertion, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, after diligent inquiry, as to whether its Internal control over financial reporting is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting principles;
- (3) A statement that briefly describes the approach or processes by which management evaluated the effectiveness of its Internal control over financial reporting; and
- (4) A statement that briefly describes the scope of work that is included and whether any internal controls were excluded;
- (5) Disclosure of any unremediated material weaknesses in the Internal control over financial reporting identified by management as of December 31 immediately preceding. Management is not permitted to conclude that the Internal control over financial reporting is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting principles if there is one or more unremediated material weaknesses in its Internal control over financial reporting;
- (6) A statement regarding the inherent limitations of internal control systems; and

(7) Signatures of the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer (or equivalent position/title).

E. Management shall document and make available upon financial condition examination the basis upon which its assertions, required in Subsection D above, are made. Management may base its assertions, in part, upon its review, monitoring and testing of internal controls undertaken in the normal course of its activities.

(1) Management shall have discretion as to the nature of the internal control framework used, and the nature and extent of documentation, in order to make its assertion in a cost effective manner and, as such, may include assembly of or reference to existing documentation.

(2) Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, required by Subsection A above, and any documentation provided in support thereof during the course of a financial condition examination, shall be kept confidential by the state insurance department.

Section 17. Exemptions and Deadlines

A. Upon written application of any RRG, the commissioner may grant an exemption from compliance with any and all provisions of this regulation if the commissioner finds, upon review of the application, that compliance with this regulation would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the RRG. An exemption may be granted at any time and from time to time for a specified period or periods.

B. RRGs shall comply with this regulation for the year ending December 31, 2012 and each year thereafter unless the commissioner permits otherwise.

C. The requirements of Section 7D shall be in effect for audits of the year beginning January 1, 2011 and thereafter.

D. The requirements of Section 14 are to be in effect January 3, 2012. An RRG or group of Insurers that is not required to have independent Audit committee members or only a majority of independent audit committee members (as opposed to a supermajority) because the total written and assumed premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to one of the independence requirements due to changes in premium shall have one (1) year following the year the threshold is exceeded to comply with the independence requirements. Likewise, an RRG that becomes subject to one of the independence requirements as a result of a business combination shall have one (1) calendar year following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the independence requirements.

F. The requirements of Section 16, except for Section 14 covered above, are effective beginning with the reporting period ending December 31, 2012 and each year thereafter. An RRG or group of Insurers that is not required to file a report because the total written premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to the reporting requirements shall have two (2) years following the year the threshold is exceeded to file a report. Likewise, an RRG acquired in a business combination shall have two (2) calendar years following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the reporting requirements.

Section 18. Severability Provision

If any section or portion of a section of this regulation or its applicability to any person or circumstance is held invalid by a court, the remainder of the regulation or the applicability of the provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.